

# Glenwood Ranges

Make Cooking Easy

REYNOLDS & SON, BARRE, VT.

## NEW LOOP THE LOOP.

Spectacular Device to Be Seen at Summer Resorts This Season.

The tornado is the name of a new "loop the loop" device which will be seen at summer resorts and gardens during the coming season, says the Chicago Record-Herald. It is about twice as spectacular in arrangement as the original Coney Island affair, having two loops, within which a rubber ball of large dimensions and containing a human being whizzes. The ball is sent down the incline from a standard of fifty feet high, rolling along two cable wires. It plunges into the first loop and is conducted into the second in short order. The trip ends in a net, where the rubber sphere is unlatched and the man allowed to show himself to the people.

E. S. Fox of Chicago is the inventor. He claims for the tornado that it will give a hundred somersaults in ten seconds. When the rubber oval is seen on the fifty foot standard this summer by an admiring and wondering populace, it will be a courtesy to the management for young men to refrain from calling it a high ball, as the joke is already old.

### New Starting Barrier.

A new starting barrier invented by Charles Vokes, the president of the Kenton Iron and Steel company, will get a trial during the Lantana meeting, says a Cincinnati special dispatch to the Daily America. Vokes' machine has all the good points of the other machines in use and none of the bad ones. Instead of the barrier rising it describes a semicircle in front of the horses. It can be released very easily by pressure or electricity. It is also very easy to handle, as each side of the machine weighs but forty pounds.

## A FAIR LAND RUINED.

Scene of Frank Disaster Was One of Canada's Picturesque Valleys.

The scene of the recent awful catastrophe at Frank, N. W. T., where many persons lost their lives by the sliding of the rocky top of Turtle mountain down upon the sleeping village, was originally one of the most picturesque valleys in Canada, says the New York American. Through the center of this valley ran the Old Man river, which has its source on the eastern slope of the Crow's Nest pass. The total width of this valley was a little more than a mile, and a sheer wall of rock rose to a height of 3,500 feet above the level of the town.

The Old Man river followed the side of Turtle mountain, close up against the foot of which the town of Frank was built. The mountain wall was before this catastrophe so tall and precipitous that even in the longest day in midsummer the sun set in the town of Frank at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and after that a twilight ensued.

The material from the slide came down in almost a vertical wall of rock and crossed the valley, a distance of more than a mile, and went part way up the foothills on the opposite side of the valley to a height far above the highest building in town.

### A Dilapidated Nation.

China is a large, leaky and dilapidated house, says the Shanghai Sin-Wan-Pao. It is extremely regrettable that we, who are living in this house, cannot do anything to improve its condition except to cry out loudly both morning and evening in the hope that the powers that be may become alive to the critical situation and take immediate measures to put matters right before it is too late.

## The Times' Daily Short Story.

### A SURGICAL DEVICE

(Original.)

"Young gentlemen," said the great surgeon, concluding his address to the graduating class of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, "let me impress upon you one caution. When you have done everything in your power for a patient with the hope of benefit, never cease to apply some new device, no matter how little connection it may have as a remedy with the disease. By this course you will gain time, retain the confidence of the patient and keep him from sinking into despair."

The great surgeon bowed to the class as an announcement that his address was finished, and the members before passing out each waited his turn to take his preceptor by the hand. One hung back till the others had all left.

"Dr. Kenworthy," he said, "for the last time I ask your consent. I have no desire to rob you of the daughter you love, nor will she marry me without your leave. I hope you will not continue your opposition."

"I shall have no opposition to make when you have built up a practice," the doctor took up his hat and went to the hospital to perform a critical operation.

Ten years later Dr. Kenworthy was traveling in the west and stopped in a little town in the Rocky mountains. Being troubled with indigestion, he took a vial from his satchel, held the bottle in one hand, a spoon in the other, and, drawing the cork with his teeth, held it there while he dropped the medicine in the spoon. A violent hiccup caused him to relax his hold on the cork and at the same time drop it into his windpipe. In a few minutes the household, having been summoned by a violent pull at the bell, were gathered about the doctor.

Dr. Kenworthy of course knew very well what should be done in his case, but with the cork in his windpipe, purple in the face, his eyes bulging out of their sockets, he was not only unable to articulate, but his faculties were momentarily impaired. The country doctor got the patient into a chair and began a succession of efforts to extract the cork. They were not successful, and it began to look as if the end was near. Suddenly the mountain practitioner's eye lighted as if with a new hope. Throwing down his forceps and his hooks, he showed by his expressive countenance every indication that he had solved the problem. The bystanders wondered by what new method the doctor was about to win success, and the patient looked at him wonderingly.

"Take off his coat!" cried the younger doctor imperatively. Two attendants seized Dr. Kenworthy and raised him violently, while the landlord divested him of his upper garment.

"Off with his collar!"

This, too, was accomplished with the

haste and energy of despair fringed with hope.

"Some beeswax!" The house was hunted, but no beeswax found. The landlady brought in some honey, which as soon as the country doctor saw it he exclaimed joyfully:

"The very thing; far better than beeswax; more soothing; more to my purpose." Dipping his fingers into the dish, he broke off a piece of the comb, the cells filled with honey, and began rubbing it upon Dr. Kenworthy's throat.

Now, the great surgeon was so thoroughly cognizant that rubbing honey-comb on a man's throat for the purpose of expelling a cork from his windpipe was so useless, the idea was so supremely ridiculous, that had he been able he would have burst into a fit of laughter. He did the next thing; he laughed inwardly. Whether this internal mirth relaxed the muscles or his coughing had by this time loosened the cork, or both, no man, not even the great surgeon himself, could tell, but the fact remains that the stopper slipped from its place, and the patient spat it out on the floor.

For a few minutes the relieved man was so overwhelmed with congratulations that he was unable to get in a word. The village doctor showed a more than ordinary interest in his patient by sinking into a chair and drawing a few long breaths of relief. As soon as Dr. Kenworthy could escape from a clamor of congratulations he said to the village physician:

"Doctor, I have practiced and taught surgery for thirty years. I am familiar with every newly discovered device for relieving a patient from an obstruction in the larynx or the esophagus, but never have I before heard of rubbing the patient's throat with honey. Will you kindly inform me of the connection between the remedy and the cure?"

"Dr. Kenworthy," replied the village doctor, "you do not seem to recognize me."

The surgeon took from his vest pocket a nearsighted glass and surveyed his preserver.

"Upon my word—you are not—you cannot be!"

"Yes, I am. I listened to your address to our class the day we were graduated, and I have not forgotten your advice never to cease applying some device to a patient in danger, no matter how little connection it might have with the disease as a remedy."

"Young man," replied the great surgeon, "you possess the principal faculty needed in your profession. You could retain the confidence of a corpse. Come back with me to civilization. I will run you into my practice, which I expect to turn over to some one as soon as I return."

"Is Elsie married, doctor?"

"No; she's waiting for you. She will go with the practice."

"I'll be ready to leave on the next train."

ANNE ATWOOD.

### A Natural Kicker.

William W. Heffelfinger, the once famous kicker of the Yale football team, to whom President Roosevelt has offered a place on the civil service commission, has just been in Washington looking over the ground, says the New York Tribune. On learning the duties which would fall to him as a member of the commission Mr. Heffelfinger was sorely disappointed and went back to his home in Minneapolis with the president's offer still under advisement. Speaking of his disappointment, he said: "When I came down here I thought my job as civil service commissioner would be finding out infractions of the law and kicking people out of the government service. Now I find that most of my work would be getting people into office. There's no fun in that. I'd rather kick them out. I don't know whether I will accept or not."

### Progress.

The Equestrienne—I wonder what the equestrienne of the future will be expected to do?

The Clown—Oh, I suppose she'll have to manage our fiery, untamed automobiles.—Puck.

## CITY OF BARRE.

Barre, Vt., April 21, 1903.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BARRE AS FOLLOWS:

That sections 1 and 4 of Chapter XLV of the City Ordinances be amended to read as follows: Section 1. No person or persons shall place, or cause to be placed in any river, brook or stream flowing in or through the City of Barre, Vt., any stone, log, timber, ashes, dirt, tin cans or other refuse, garbage, carcasses, vegetable or animal matter, or any other matter which will tend in any way to obstruct the natural flow of the water in any of the said streams, or is or will be injurious to the health of the public or individuals, or in any way fill up, litter or render unsightly or obstruct the channel or banks of said stream.

Section 4. Any person who shall violate any part of section 1 and 2 of this chapter shall be liable to a fine of ten dollars for each offense and shall also be liable to the City of Barre for all damage that may be caused by his said act to any property belonging to said City.

Barre City Clerk's Office.

Barre, Vt., April 20, 1903.

I hereby certify that the within copy is a true copy as appears by the files and records of this office, this day examined and compared by me.

Attest: JAMES MACKAY, City Clerk.

Barre, Vt., April 21, 1903.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BARRE AS FOLLOWS:

That section 15 of chapter XI of the City Ordinances be amended to read as follows:

Section 15. When any new street, lane or alley is laid out or accepted by the city, or when any old street is resurveyed, the Street Commissioners shall forthwith cause the City Engineer to place a granite monument, not less than three feet and six inches long, and six inches square at the top, to mark the points of intersection or change of direction of said street, lane or alley. The top of said stone shall be set to a smooth level surface on which all points of intersection or change of direction shall be marked by a small drill hole.

No stone, post, set off by the City Engineer, shall be dug up, moved or in any way disturbed, except by the Engineering Department of the City of Barre and under the direction of the Street Commissioners, and any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty dollars.

Barre City Clerk's Office.

Barre, Vermont, April 20th, 1903.

I hereby certify that the within copy is a true copy as appears by the files and records of this office, this day examined and compared by me.

Attest: JAMES MACKAY, City Clerk.

Barre, Vt., April 6th, 1903.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BARRE AS FOLLOWS:

That Sections 4, 5, 7 and 8 of Chapter XXVII of the City Ordinances be amended to read as follows:

Section 4. Bills of all accounts and claims incurred by the overseer of the poor under the provisions of the preceding sections shall be rendered monthly.

Section 5. The overseer of the poor is hereby authorized to purchase materials and supplies, to employ labor, and to furnish temporary relief to any needy person who shall be deemed by said overseer not a proper person to be permanently cared for and to pay money therefor. He shall be supplied with money by warrant drawn on the City Treasurer, in the same manner that other warrants are drawn on that officer, and for each and every payment of money made by him as aforesaid he shall obtain a voucher upon blanks to be supplied by the committee on charity and correction, which voucher shall show the date, and in detail the materials, supplies, labor and relief for which the payment is made, and which voucher shall be signed by the actual person, firm or corporation to whom the payment was made. A settlement of account of all money received, all money expended, and all bills paid or incurred under this section shall be made each month.

Section 7. The overseer of the poor shall make a report to the City Council on or before the first day of each month, stating the total amount of money received by him, the total amount expended and the amount of aid furnished and bills incurred by his department during the preceding calendar month; and showing any other matters that he may deem necessary and proper to bring to the attention of the City Council. He shall also make a report to the City Council during the month of January annually, stating under oath the number of persons assisted by him during the preceding financial year, their names, and nationality and the total amount of assistance that each person received, and said annual report shall also give a schedule of the real and personal property of the city under his care and the value of each item, the total receipts and expenditures of the whole department for the year and any suggestions respecting the department that he may deem the good of the department to require it.

Section 8. All accounts and bills of the overseer of the poor shall be accompanied by the proper voucher therefor and all such accounts shall be kept in proper books furnished by the city, and shall be and remain the property of the City of Barre; and the overseer of the poor shall present his books to the City Auditors and they shall audit his accounts each year on or before the 5th day of January.

Barre City Clerk's Office.

Barre, Vermont, April 20th, 1903.

I hereby certify that the within copy is a true copy as appears by the files and records of this office, this day examined and compared by me.

Attest: JAMES MACKAY, City Clerk.

## MORGAN'S NEW PHRASE

Undigested Securities Wall Street's Latest Ailment.

NEARLY \$2,000,000,000 INVOLVED.

This Amount is the Par Value of Stocks and Bonds—Some \$300,000,000 Cash Tied Up in Operations of Underwriting Syndicates and Promoters.

J. P. Morgan recently called the attention of the financial world to the ailment from which Wall street is suffering, says the New York Herald. He said it was suffering from indigestion, that there were too many "undigested securities," and since that time the capitals of two continents have been ringing with the term.

In a list of some of the leading securities which have been issued by New York bankers and capitalists and which is here given it will be seen that nearly \$2,000,000,000 is involved in undigested securities. This amount is the par value of the stocks and bonds and does not represent the exact amount of capital tied up in the various enterprises. It is safe to say, however, that fully \$300,000,000 capital is tied up in ventures against which securities have been issued. In the following list it will be seen that in some cases an estimate is made of the undigested stocks and bonds, while in other cases the entire amount of capital is given, for the reason that Wall street has regarded them as undigested.

J. P. MORGAN & CO. LIST.

International Mercantile Marine—Common stock ..... \$45,000,000  
Preferred stock ..... \$2,000,000  
Bonds ..... \$5,000,000

International Harvester (stock) ..... \$250,000,000  
Atlantic Coast Line (bonds) ..... \$5,000,000  
Erie new bonds ..... 10,000,000

Associated Merchants—Common stock ..... \$3,000,000  
Preferred stock ..... \$500,000  
Bonds (2d pref.) ..... 5,000,000

United States Steel corporation new bonds (estimated) ..... 150,000,000  
Northern Securities, total issued, \$500,000,000; estimated unpaid, 100,000,000

Chicago, Burlington and Quincy 4's, total issued, \$215,000,000; estimated unpaid ..... 75,000,000

Grand total ..... \$555,000,000

UNDIGESTED INDUSTRIALS.

United Copper—Preferred stock ..... \$5,000,000  
Common stock ..... 40,000,000

United States Shipbuilding—Common stock ..... \$25,000,000  
Preferred stock ..... 20,000,000  
First mortgage bonds ..... 14,000,000  
Col. trust bonds ..... 10,000,000  
Pur. money bonds ..... 7,500,000

Railway Steel Spring ..... 27,000,000  
United Steel company (bonds) ..... 45,000,000  
United Realty and Construction ..... 53,000,000  
American Steel Foundries ..... 20,000,000  
Montreal Light and Heat ..... 17,000,000

United States Cotton Duck—First mortgage bonds ..... \$8,000,000  
Income bonds ..... 6,000,000

American Light and Traction—International Nickel—Common stock ..... \$4,000,000  
Preferred stock ..... 9,000,000  
Bonds ..... 10,000,000

Virginia Iron, Coal and Coke (bonds) ..... 7,000,000  
United Box Board ..... 20,000,000  
Allis-Chalmers ..... 50,000,000  
Consolidated Tobacco (bonds estimated unpaid) ..... 30,000,000

Distillers' Securities—Stock ..... \$3,500,000  
Bonds, 5's ..... 12,000,000

Corn Products company ..... 72,000,000  
Colorado Fuel and Iron (bonds) ..... 14,000,000  
Bonds ..... 9,000,000  
Consolidated Lake Superior ..... 100,000,000

American Hide and Leather—Common stock ..... \$1,000,000  
Preferred stock ..... 12,000,000  
Bonds ..... 3,000,000

Grand total ..... \$1,500,000,000

PARTIALLY UNDIGESTED RAILROAD ISSUE.

St. Louis and Iron Mountain (bonds) ..... \$20,000,000  
Wabash (new bonds) ..... 10,000,000  
Lake Shore's loan ..... 30,000,000  
Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville Joint 4's ..... 15,000,000

National Railroad of Mexico—Prior lien bonds ..... \$2,000,000  
First gen. mort. bonds ..... 20,000,000  
Preferred stock ..... 20,000,000  
Common stock ..... 32,000,000

St. Louis and San Francisco guaranteed certificates or Chicago and Eastern Illinois ..... 12,000,000

Oregon Short Line 4's and participating (estimated) ..... 10,000,000  
Goody's syndicate of Western Maryland, West Virginia, Central and Wheeling and Lake Erie ..... 50,000,000

Pennsylvania's new stock increase ..... 150,000,000

Grand total ..... \$605,000,000

SUMMARY AND TOTALS.

J. P. Morgan's issues ..... \$655,000,000  
Undigested industrials ..... 750,000,000  
Partially undigested railroad issues ..... 405,000,000

Combined grand total ..... \$1,810,000,000

## A SAMPSON MEMORIAL.

Trophy of Santiago's Naval Battle to Mark Admiral's Birthplace.

The navy department at Washington has issued orders that the birthplace of the late Rear Admiral Sampson at Palmyra, N. Y., be marked with one of the two 5 inch guns of the Spanish war ship Oquendo, says the New York Times. The guns and other trophies taken at the battle of Santiago have been on exhibition at Norfolk for the past three years. The Oquendo's gun will shortly be shipped to Palmyra and placed there in Sampson's honor.

The Oquendo was one of the ships that escaped from the light at the mouth of Santiago harbor and got a few miles up the coast before being sunk. She was one of the four ships with which the Brooklyn was engaged, according to Captain Clark, at the time that the Oregon, making her famous dash, distanced the other ships, and came up just behind and inside the Brooklyn. The Oquendo was engaged by the Brooklyn, Oregon and Texas, which hung on the rear of the chase, and she went ashore after the Indiana had dropped out of the fight.



A prominent Southern lady, Mrs. Blanchard, of Nashville, Tenn., tells how she was cured of backache, dizziness, painful and irregular periods by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Gratitude compels me to acknowledge the great merit of your Vegetable Compound. I have suffered for four years with irregular and painful menstruation, also dizziness, pains in the back and lower limbs, and fitful sleep. I dreaded the time to come which would only mean suffering to me."

"Better health is all I wanted, and cure if possible. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound brought me health and happiness in a few short months. I feel like another person now. My aches and pains have left me. Life seems new and sweet to me, and everything seems pleasant and easy."

"Six bottles brought me health, and was worth more than months under the doctor's care, which really did not benefit me at all. I am satisfied there is no medicine so good for sick women as your Vegetable Compound, and I advocate it to my lady friends in need of medical help."—Mrs. B. A. BLANCHARD, 422 Broad St., Nashville, Tenn.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhoea, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or distention), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

A Severe Case of Womb Trouble Cured in Philadelphia.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been cured of severe female troubles by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I was nearly ready to give up, but seeing your advertisement I purchased one bottle of your medicine, and it did me so much good that I purchased another, and the result was so satisfactory that I bought six more bottles, and am now feeling like a new woman. I shall never be without it. I hope that my testimonial will convince women that your Vegetable Compound is the greatest medicine in the world for falling of the womb or any other female complaints."—Mrs. MAY COVY, 2600 Birch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Remember, every woman is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about her symptoms she does not understand. Her address is Lynn, Mass., her advice is free and cheerfully given to every ailing woman who asks for it.

## NEW COLUMBIA SONG.

Guy Wetmore Carrol Writes a Universally Attributed Hymn.

Guy Wetmore Carrol, the novelist, has written an Alton Mater song to be sung by Columbia university students, says the New York Times. The song is at present being sung to the air of "Sons of the South," but music for it is being composed. Mr. Carrol was a member of the class of '95 at Columbia and was an editor of Spectator. Three of the best verses of his song are as follows:

Brothers, in duty bound  
Treading this holy ground,  
Hark how the air  
Thrills with the clarion, swung  
High from each loyal tongue,  
Ringing her halls among—  
Salve, Mater!

We who have gone our ways,  
Students of other days,  
Hither repair,  
Joining our speech in rhyme  
With theirs of later time  
In the old song sublime—  
Salve, Mater!

May God, within his skies,  
Under his watchful eyes  
Keep you in care  
Till his great angel calls,  
Till the summons falls,  
Guarding your holy halls,  
Salve, Mater!

Fencing for Paris Shopgirls.

The latest development of the scheme for providing rational and healthy exercise for Paris working girls—dress-makers, milliners and others—is a class for fencing, says the London Mail. After singing, dancing and declamation "Mimi Pinson" is now being taught to handle the foils, and a few nights ago at an exhibition at the Conservatoire Populaire the young women showed that they could thrust and parry in quite remarkable fashion. The one thing that annoys them is that they are compelled to hide their pretty faces behind unprepossessing masks, but this, in the opinion of the fencing mistress, is a small drawback compared with the splendid result of the vigorous exercise upon girls who are imprisoned all day in stuffy shops and ill ventilated workrooms.

Greenwich Time by Wireless.

It is proposed to distribute Greenwich time to vessels on the Atlantic and Mediterranean and to European cities by wireless telegraphy.

Railroad For Watermelons.

A railroad fifty miles long is to be constructed in southern Missouri this spring. It runs through a district which is distinctively the home of the watermelon. Enough melons are said to be produced there to keep one railway busy during the season in hauling them.

A Powerful Dam.

The greatest dam ever built for the production of power is that building at Spier Falls, on the Hudson river. It is of granite, 1,800 feet long and 150 feet high. Ten steel tubes having a diameter of twelve feet will lead water to fifty-four inch turbines, each coupled to a 5,000 horse power generator. The cost will be \$2,000,000.

## TIME IS THE TEST.

The Testimony of Barre People Stands the Test.

The test of time is what tells the tale. "A new broom sweeps clean," but will it wear well is what interests most. The public soon find out when misrepresentations are made and merit alone will stand the test of time. Barre people appreciate merit, and many months ago local citizens publicly endorsed Doan's Kidney Pills. They do so still. Would a citizen make the statement which follows unless convinced that the article was just as represented? A cure that lasts is the kind that every sufferer from kidney ills is looking for.

C. A. Churchill, contractor and builder, residence 20 Merchant street, says: I gave an endorsement for publication in our Barre papers in the winter of 1907 which stated that Doan's Kidney Pills, sold at E. A. Brown's drug store, had acted with me as represented, and I recommended them to any resident needing a remedy for his kidneys. Since that time I have had no reason to change my opinion and you are welcome to again use my original endorsement so that others may know what to do if annoyed with a steady pain across the back like I had for two years—one that prevented me from remaining in any position for any length of time, which was always noticeable in the morning and caused me annoyance to dress myself—for which I used physicians' treatment and a great many medicines, but never received any permanent benefit. I cannot remember whether I took two or three boxes, but this I know: I have never had occasion to use the preparation since."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., also agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no other.